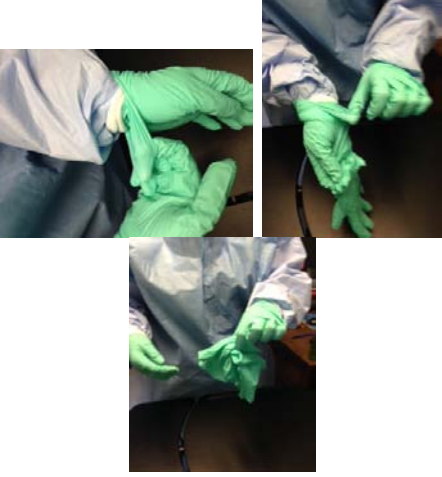
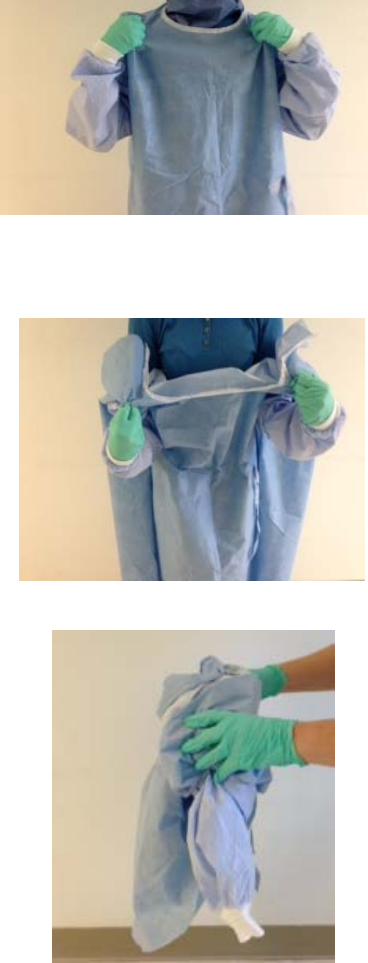





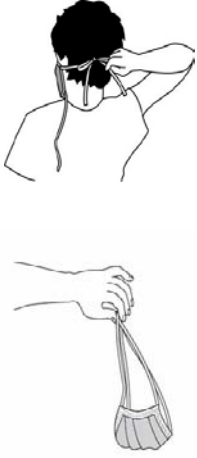





Removing Basic Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) - Ebola Virus Disease

The **sequence is important** to limit the risk to you. Facial protection is the last to be removed to minimize the risk of blood or body fluids entering your mucous membranes.

Remove PPE at the doorway of patient room

<p>1. Remove Outer Gloves</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carefully remove gloves using glove to glove/skin to skin technique • Outside of gloves are contaminated • Discard
<p>2. Remove Gown</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unfasten ties/velcro at neck and waist • Pull gown away from neck & shoulders. Do not rip forcefully. • Use caution to avoid touching skin/clothing or agitating gown unnecessarily • Turn inside out • Fold or roll into a bundle & discard • Remove 2nd gown if wearing and discard
<p>3. Remove Inner Gloves</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carefully remove gloves using glove to glove/skin to skin technique • Outside of gloves are contaminated

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discard
<p>4. Perform Hand Hygiene</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use soap and water if hands are visibly soiled
<p>5. Eye & Face Protection <i>Full face shield</i></p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outside of face shield is contaminated • Handle by head band at back, gently allowing the face shield to fall forward • Discard
<p>6. Perform Hand Hygiene</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use soap and water if hands are visibly soiled
<p>7. Mask</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Handle only by ties • Undo bottom tie first and then top. Allow to fall away from face. • Discard • <i>Note: *Remove Respirator outside of patient's room</i>
<p>8. Perform Hand Hygiene</p>		
<p>9. Exit patient's room</p>	 <p>©Microsoft Clip Art 2007</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Have someone open door from outside patient room, or use

		piece of paper towel or wipe on door handle to open
10. Perform Hand Hygiene		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use Soap and Water

While wearing PPE:

- Remove gloves if they become torn or damaged then Perform hand hygiene and put on new gloves
- If during care of the patient PPE becomes grossly contaminated, difficulties arise with it (i.e. dislodgement, fogging of face shield) or an exposure risk has occurred, the healthcare worker should stop and assess the situation. The healthcare worker should remove soiled PPE as per removal protocol and put on clean PPE before continuing care. It may be necessary to blot the body fluids with an absorbent blue pad and/or disinfectant wipe prior to removing the PPE.

Images are from: the © Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2011. Guidance for the Selection and Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) in Healthcare Settings. Retrieved May 16, 2012 from <http://www.cdc.gov/HAI/prevent/ppe.html>; and Capital Health Infection Prevention and Control Department January 2015. Sequencing based upon guidelines from the Public Health Agency of Canada 2014. *Infection Prevention and Control Expert Working Group: Advice on Infection Prevention and Control Measures for Ebola Virus Disease in Healthcare Settings.* <http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/id-mi/vhf-fvh/ebola-ipc-pci-eng.php>